## Valley Vascular Surgery Associates

In affiliation with UCSF Fresno

## Transcarotid Artery Revascularization (TCAR) Procedure

#### Speakers:

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# TCAR

Protection from stroke And so much more





Up to 1/3 of strokes are from carotid origin<sup>1</sup>

# **STROKE** IS A LEADING CAUSE OF **DEATH** IN THE UNITED STATES

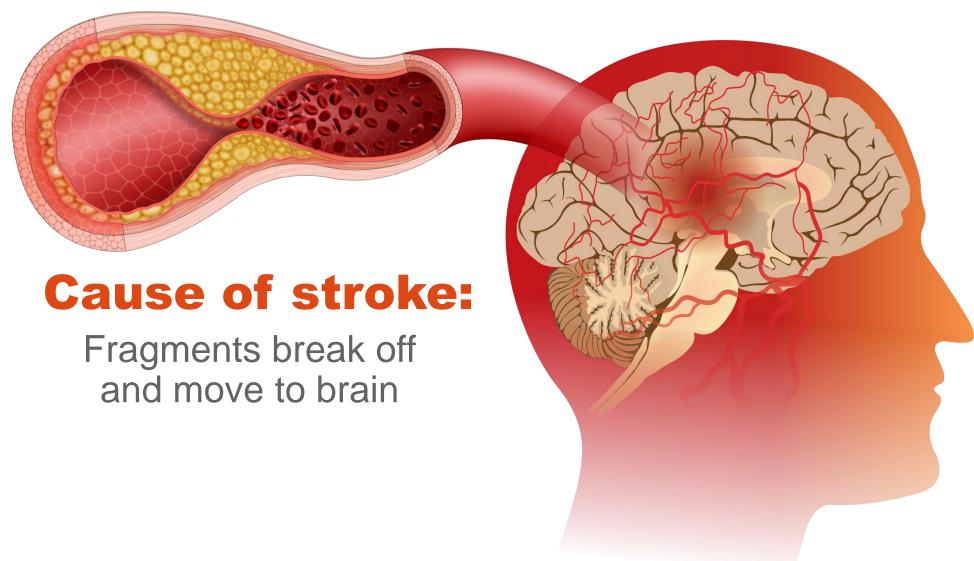
Nearly **800,000** people in the United States have a stroke every year, with about three in four being first-time strokes.<sup>2</sup>



<sup>1</sup> Source: Society of Vascular Surgery's Patient-Resources, for further information and disclaimer: https://vascular.org/patient-resources/vascular-conditions/carotid-artery-disease

<sup>2</sup> Source: https://www.ahaiournals.org/doi/10.1161/STROKEAHA.114.005090

#### HOW DOES CAROTID ARTERY DISEASE CAUSE STROKE?





# Challenge of **Stroke Prevention**

Most carotid disease is **silent** – often, the first symptom a patient has is a stroke.



# Challenge of **Stroke Prevention**

It is estimated that for every symptomatic stroke, there are nearly fourteen 'silent' strokes that may result in changes to cognitive function and processes.

#### **ACC/AHA CAROTID SCREENING GUIDELINES**



Joint Recommendations by 2011 American College of Cardiology Foundation/American Heart Association Task Force et al. - Guidelines on the management of patients with Extracranial Carotid and Vertebral Artery Disease

- Symptomatic (neurologic event)
- Carotid Bruit
- Evidence of Vascular Disease
  - Coronary artery disease
  - Peripheral artery disease
  - Aortic aneurysm
- >2 Atherosclerotic Risk Factors
  - Hypertension
  - Hyperlipidemia
  - Smoking history
  - Family history of stroke



# **SURGICAL:** Carotid Endarterectomy (CEA) 65+ years ~83% of procedures External carodd arters SIGNIFICANT adverse events **LOW** 30-day stroke risk

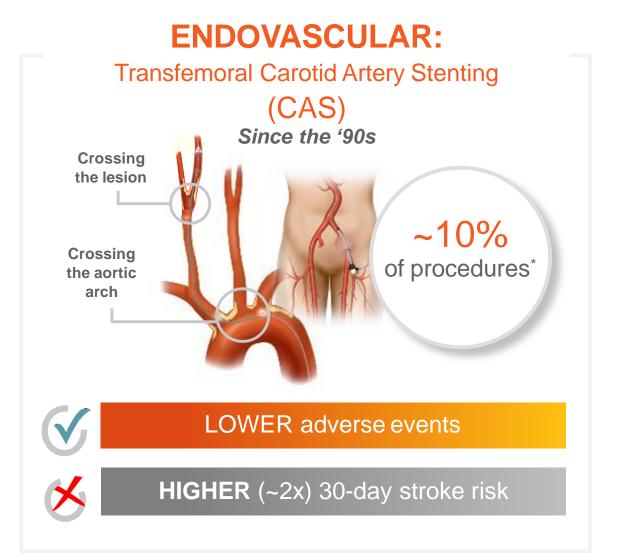
CREST MI1: 2.3% CEA vs 1.1% TF CAS

CREST CNI2: 2.1% CNI unresolved at 6 months (80% motor)

Source: Modus Health Group \*Excludes TCAR procedures

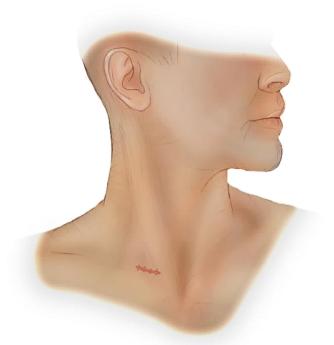
1. CREST Trial: New England Journal of Medicine 2010;363:11-23

2:. Circulation. 2012;125:2256-2264



CREST 30-day All Stroke<sup>1</sup>: 2.3% CEA vs 4.1% TF CAS

#### TCAR PARADIGM SHIFT: TRANSCAROTID









Minimally Invasive



Avoids Aortic Arch



**Avoids Cranial Nerve Plexus** 



High-Rate Flow Reversal Neuroprotection



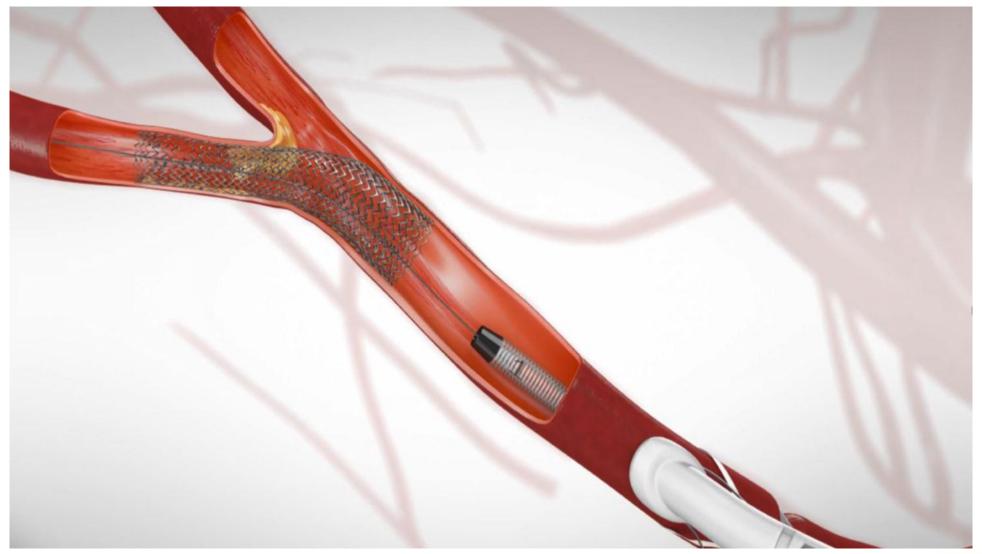
Accurate stenting

Source: Schermerhorn ML, Liang P, Eldrup-Jorgensen J, et al. Association of Transcarotid Artery Revascularization vs Transfemoral Carotid Artery Stenting With Stroke or Death Among Patients With Carotid Artery Stenosis. JAMA. 2019;322(23):2313–2322. doi:10.1001/jama.2019.18441

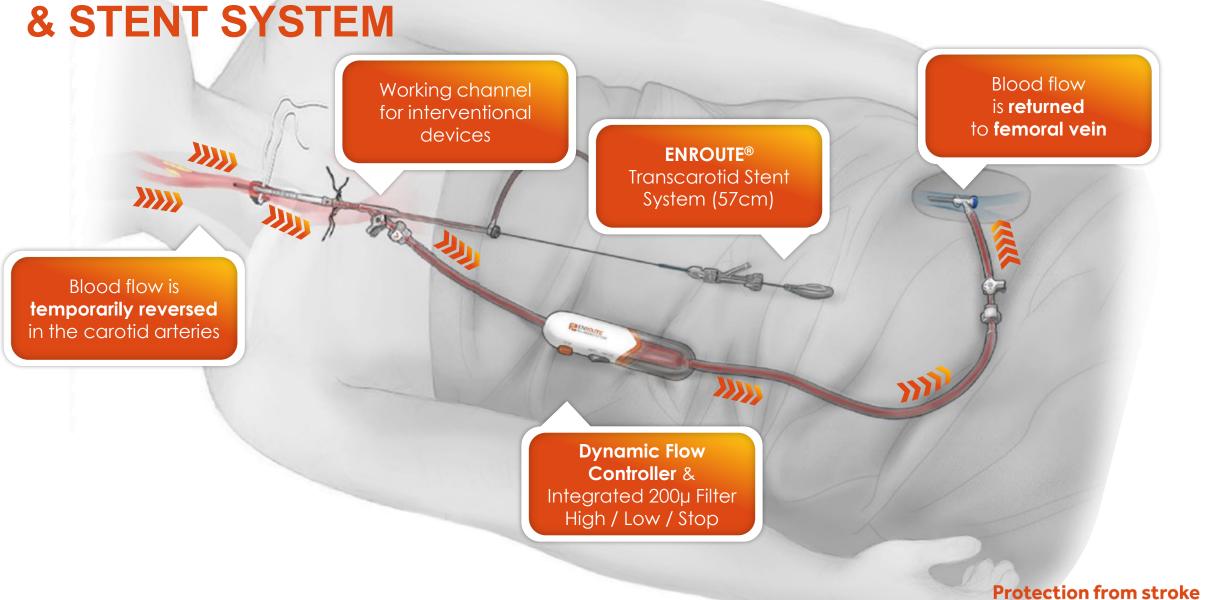
Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

Please refer to package insert for indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, and instructions for use.

### WHAT IS TCAR?



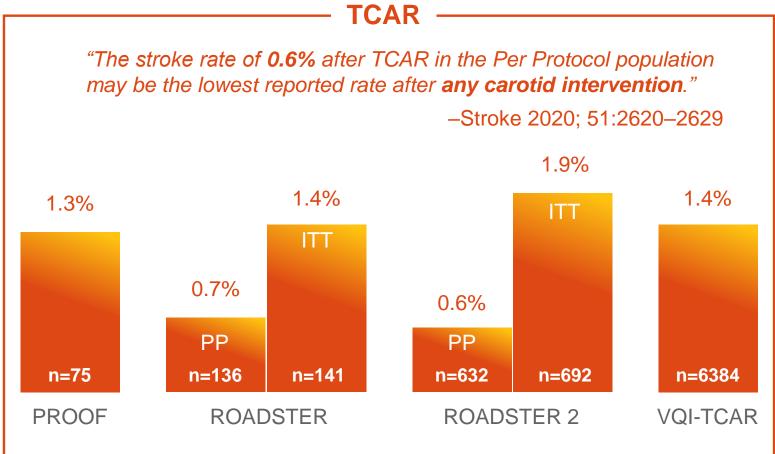
# **ENROUTE® TRANSCAROTID NEUROPROTECTION**

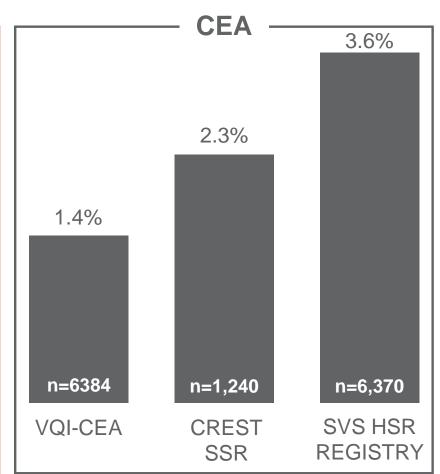


And so much more

#### PERIPROCEDURAL STROKE RATES

Publications of TCAR & CEA





PROOF: J Endovasc Ther. 2017 Apr;24(2):265-270

ROADSTER: J Vasc Surg. 2015 Nov;62(5):1227-34. The Silk Road System for Transcervical Access with Reversal of Flow to Perform TCAR: Results of the ROADSTER Trial - VEITH, 2016 ROADSTER 2: Trial Results - Stroke. 2020;51:2620-2629; Kashyap V, Schneider P.

Outcomes of TransCarotid Revascularization with dynamic flow reversal (TCAR) versus carotid endarterectomy (CEA) in the TCAR Surveillance Project - M. Malas, Annals of Surgery 2020 CREST Standard Surgical Risk: N Engl J Med. 2016 Mar 17;374(11):1011-20. SVS Registry: J Vasc Surg. 2013 May;57(5):1318-24.



#### TCAR VS TF-CAS IN THE VQI DATABASE<sup>1</sup>

The authors reviewed patient data (n = 3286 matched) collected from the VQI-TSP to compare outcomes of TCAR vs TF-CAS; published in the **Journal of the American Medical Association (JAMA)**.

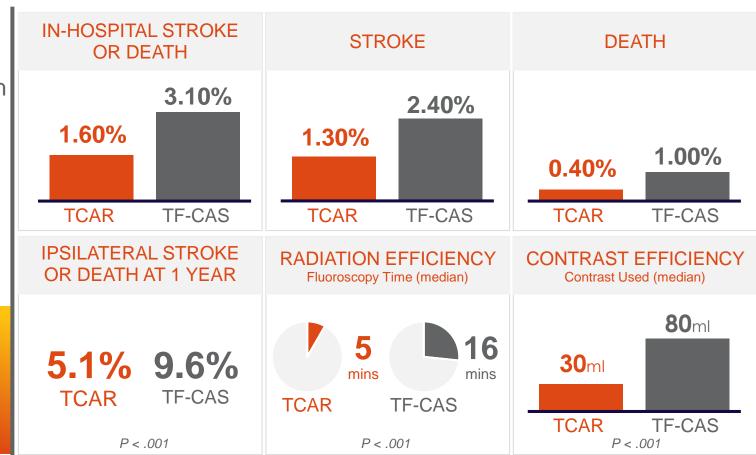
#### **TCAR Safety**

The investigators found a significant decrease in stroke, death, and stroke/death for patients who underwent TCAR

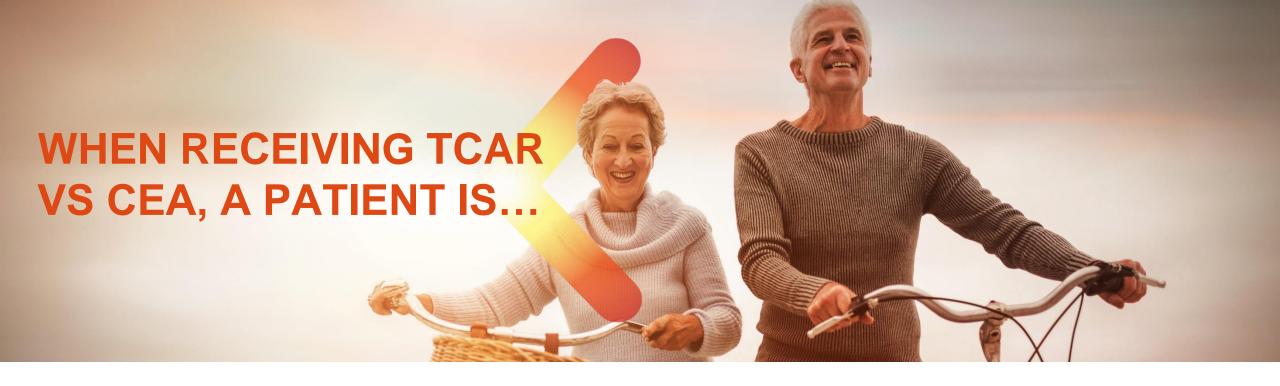
#### **Durability and Efficiency**

The investigators found a significant decrease in stroke or death at one year as well as procedural efficiencies with TCAR

**Conclusion:** TCAR had a *significantly lower* risk of stroke or death compared to TF-CAS with improved procedural efficiencies (radiation/contrast).









86%

Less Risk of CNI



47%

Less Risk of MI



48<sub>mins</sub>

Shorter **OR Time** 



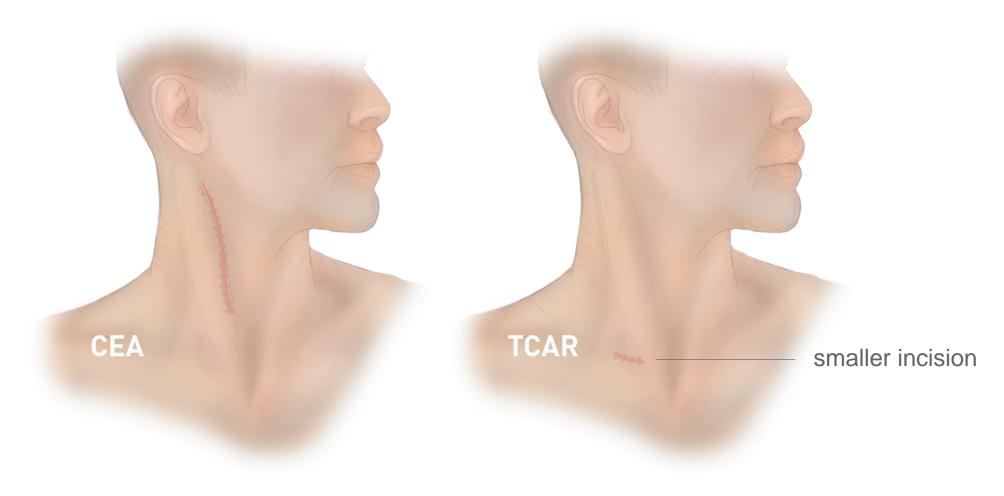
12%

less likely to have an extended stay past one day



## TRANSCAROTID ARTERY REVASCULARIZATION (TCAR)

A Less Invasive Way To Prevent Stroke



#### STANDARD POST-PROCEDURE MEDICATIONS

Dual antiplatelet therapy and statin\*



#### **Aspirin**

75-325 mg/day continued indefinitely

#### Plavix® (Clopidogrel) or equivalent 75 mg/day for at least

4 weeks post-procedure

#### **Statin**

Therapeutic dose for at least 4 weeks post-procedure

### Violation of medication regimen is #1 cause of MAE in TCAR

\*As described in the 2011 ASA/ACCF/AHA/AANN/AANS/ACR/ASNR/CNS/SAIP/SCAI/SIR/SNIS/SVM/SVS Guideline on the Management of Patients With Extracranial Carotid and Vertebral Artery Disease: Executive Summary - https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/pdf/10.1161/CIR.0b013e31820d8d78 Plavix® is a registered trademark of Sanofi-Aventis.



### PATIENT TESTIMONIAL-DR. WILSON'S STORY

